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**Fifth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, Dec.2015/Jan.2016**

**Information Theory and coding**

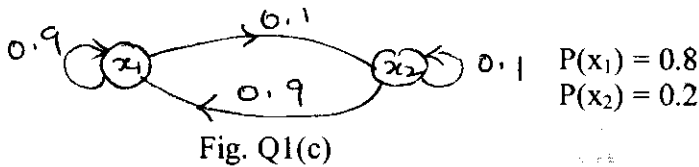
Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks:100

**Note: Answer FIVE full questions, selecting at least TWO questions from each part.**

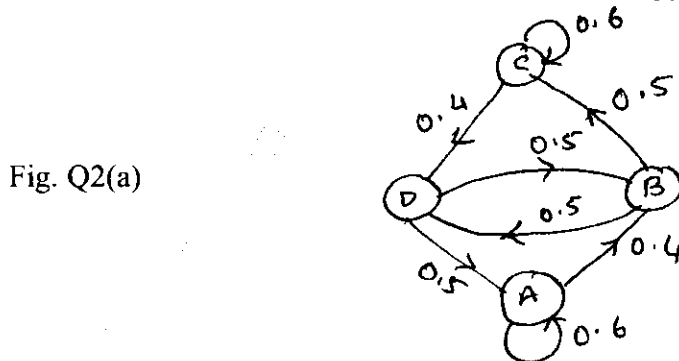
**PART - A**

- 1 a. A binary source produces Symbols 0 and 1 with probability P and 1 - P. Determine the entropy of this source and sketch the variation of the entropy with P. (05 Marks)
- b. Prove that the information content of N independent message is additive. (05 Marks)
- c. For mark off source shown Find the source entropy and  $G_1, G_2$  and  $G_3$



(10 Marks)

- 2 a. For the state diagram shown find
  - i) State probabilities ii) Entropy of each state iii) Entropy of the source.(10 Marks)



- b. The joint probability matrix of a channel is given. Compute  $H(x), H(y), H(xy), H(x/y)$  and  $H(y/x)$

$$p(xy) = \begin{pmatrix} 0.05 & 0 & 0.2 & 0.05 \\ 0 & 0.1 & 0.1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0.2 & 0.1 \\ 0.05 & 0.05 & 0 & 0.1 \end{pmatrix}$$

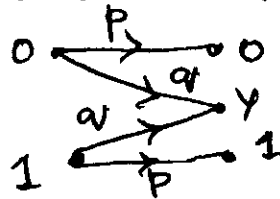
(10 Marks)

- 3 a. Prove the identities :
  - i)  $H(x, y) = H(x) + H(y)$
  - ii)  $H(xy) = H(x) + H(y/x)$  (08 Marks)
- b. A source emits symbols with probabilities 0.4, 0.2, 0.12, 0.08, 0.08, 0.08, 0.04. Construct a binary Huffman code and Shannon Fano code. Calculate efficiency in both cases. (12 Marks)

Important Note : 1. On completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages. 2. Any revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator and /or equations written eg. 42+8 = 50, will be treated as malpractice.

- 4 a. Derive the expression for channel capacity for the binary channel shown (08 Marks)

Fig. Q4(a)



- b. Define mutual information and explain its properties. (04 Marks)
- c. An analog signal has a bandwidth of 4KHz. The signal is sampled at 2.5 times the Nyquist rate and each sample is quantized into 256 equally likely levels. Assume that the successive samples are statistically independent.
- Find the information rate of this source.
  - Can the output of this source be transmitted without error over a channel of Bandwidth 50KHz and  $S/N = 20\text{db}$ .
  - If the output of this source is to be transmitted without errors over an analog channel having  $S/N = 10$ . Compute the band width required. (08 Marks)

### PART - B

- 5 a. Define hamming weight, hamming distance and minimum distance of linear block code. (06 Marks)
- b. For a linear block code the syndrome is given by
- $$S_1 = r_1 + r_2 + r_3 + r_5$$
- $$S_2 = r_1 + r_2 + r_4 + r_6$$
- $$S_3 = r_1 + r_3 + r_4 + r_7$$
- Find the generator matrix
  - Draw the encoder and decoder circuit
  - How many errors can it detect and correct (14 Marks)
- 6 a. A (7, 4) binary cyclic code has a generator polynomial  $g(x) = 1 + x + x^3$
- Write the syndrome circuit
  - Verify the circuit for the message polynomial  $d(x) = 1 + x^3$ , showing the contents of the register for each state. (08 Marks)
- b. A (15, 5) binary cyclic code has a generator polynomial  $g(x) = 1 + x + x^2 + x^4 + x^5 + x^8 + x^{10}$
- Draw the encoder block diagram
  - Find the code polynomial for message polynomial  $d(x) = 1 + x^2 + x^4$  in systematic form
  - Is  $V(x) = 1 + x^4 + x^6 + x^8 + x^{14}$  a code polynomial? If not, find the syndrome of  $V(x)$  (12 Marks)
- 7 Explain :
- BCH code
  - Golay code
  - Reed Solomon codes
  - Golay codes. (20 Marks)
- 8 Consider the 3, 1, 2 convolution code with  $g^{(1)} = 110$ ,  $g^{(2)} = 101$  and  $g^{(3)} = 111$
- Draw the encoder block diagram
  - Find the generator matrix
  - Find the code word corresponding to the message sequence (11101) using both time domain and frequency domain approach. (20 Marks)

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